The Taylor Nomination. No mention whatever was made in the committee of the Taylor nomination. The committee has not yet completed the vote upon the nomination, Senators Smith and Faulkner having failed so far to record their names. At present the vote stands for confirmation, Senators Harris and Martin; against confirmation, Senators Hunton, Gibson, McMillan, Wolcott, Gallinger, Hans-

brough and Proctor.
Thus a majority having voted against condrmation an unfavorable report is certain to be made to the Senate, where, it is expected, the report of the committee will be sustained by an overwhelming majority.

The Babcock Amendment. The committee briefly discussed the liquor bill known as the Babcock amendment to the existing law. This bill was recently reported to the Senate with amendments and is now on the calendar. A delegation of retail liquor dealers called upon Senator Hansbrough, who is chairman of the subcommittee on the bill, yesterday, to ask for a further hearing, and at his suggestion they called again today. They were headed by Mr. Frank Hume and Col. William Dickon. In the party were Charles Kraemer, W. P. Sullivan, Thomas Walsh, 1 obt. Port-W. P. Sullivan, Thomas waish, 1 opt. Fort-ber and Frank Madigan. Their request was that the bill be still further amended so as to permit the continuance of any retail fauor business established prior to March 1, 1893, and located within the 400-feet limit. This exemption has been granted already to hotels and wholesale houses and they sought to have it extended to the retail business as well. They did not succeed today in securing a hearing before the comnittee, but their case was presented to he committee by Senator Hansbrough, and t was decided not to amend the bill any turther. This decision was communicated to the delegation by Senator Gibson

The Metropolitan R.R. Rill Then the committee for a few minutes liscussed the Metropolitan railroad bill. which was introduced a few days ago by Senator McMillan. No action was taken on the bill, but it was evident that the bill. with perhaps a few amendments, would be reported to the Senate and will be adopted by the committee as its position on the subject of this intricate and perplexing problem.

The meeting today was attended by Senators Harris, Gibson, McMillan, Wolcott, Gallinger, Martin, Hansbrough and Proc-

COMPTON FACING DEATH.

Efforts Being Made in His Behalf With the President.

Representative Rayner of Maryland has made a personal appeal to the President in sehalf of Compton, the negro murderer, who is sentenced to be hanged at the District jail on the 27th instant. He asks that the death sentence be commuted to imprisonment for life and bases his appeal on the ground that Compton would not have been convicted of murder in the first degree, entailing the death penalty, if the laws of the District comprehended grades of such crimes such as prevail in other places. Mr. Rayner first became interested in this case by reading in The Star a statement made by Compton that he was perfectly at the by Compton that he was perfectly willing to die, provided he was assured that his wife and children would be cared for after his death. Compton is not one of his con-stituents and has no claims on him in any way. He was touched, however, by his solicitude for the future welfare of his fam-By. He made a thorough investigation of the case and satisfied himself that the man was entitled to merciful consideration. In his opinion Compton deserved to be well punished for his crime, but he believed the ends of justice could be met as well by his ment for life as by his death on the نحالت ا

The President's Probable Action. The President has promised to consider the case, but is not likely to announce his action until a few days before the date and I had not the heart." fixed for the execution. Such is the usual practice in such cases. The practice has under fallen walls. been severely criticised, inasmuch as it breast of the condemned or else needlessly gonizes him with the dread of approaching death. Although Judge McComas, the judge before whom he was tried, and District Attorney Birney, who prosecuted the charge against him, each reported adversely on Compton's petition for executive clemency, there is reason to believe that the President is disposed to listen to the appeals of Representative Raymer and the appeals of Representative Rayner and the counsel and family of the condemned man to the extent of sparing his life at the ex-pense of his liberty, or, if he concludes that the facts of the case do not justify such action, that he will accord the convict an extension of time in which to pre pare for death. The fact that the Presi pare for death. The fact that the President has not yet called for the record in the case, now on file with the pardon clerk of the Department of Justice, is acceler to the Department of Justice, is accelerated to the Department of Justice, is accelerated to the practice. cepted by those familiar with his practice in such matters to mean aither the in such matters to mean either that he will not interfere with the execution of the sentence or that he will delay favorable action until a day or two before the date fixed for the execution of the sentence of death.

COXEY AND THE UNEMPLOYED.

Some Suggestions Sent to "The Star" on a Matter of Much Interest. There is much interest now in discussing

the question as to the manner of receiving Coxey's army, and the way to deal with such movements. A well-known lawver.writing to The Star under yesterday's date, "There is pith and point in the editorial

in today's Star indicating the obvious duty of the Congress in reference to the Coxey and kindred movements on the Capitol. It must be borne in mind, however, that while the government of the District of Columbia is anomalous, too great reliance must not be placed upon the opportune action of Congress at this time; and it is, therefore, advisable that the Commissioners of the District and the representative citizens should at once formulate some line of action to meet and cope with the emergent situation which is impending. It is of the first importance that the first action of the government and the citizens should be appropriate and consistent with the emergen cy. The situation will be delicate, and will require temperate but consistent treatment. In all this Congress and the executive may upon to preserve order and enforce the law, But the Commissioners and

citizens must be prepared to act."

The subject has brought up also the general subject of the duty of the community toward the unemployed strangers who are constantly coming to the city in search of work. One writer suggests that this out-of-employment class be helped by means of a public subscription, and the establishment of a ten-cent lodging house, where such can be sheltered without suffering the degradation of being forced by the Police Court The secretary fletches as a "discretive fletches as a final fletch to the workhouse as "dangerous tramps," or vagrants. "There are," says this writer, "scores of empty buildings all over the city

Twelve Supposed to Have Perished in the Buffalo Fire.

SCENES ABOUT THE RUINS TODAY

Impossible to Begin Excavating Among the Bricks.

THE LOSS ABOUT \$600,000

BUFFALO, N.Y., April 13 .- The dawn of BUFFALO, N.Y., April 13.—The dawn of another day shed no light on the terrible to the Ebbitt or somewhere else. It simmystery surrounding the workmen on the plant of the Ebbitt or somewhere else. It simmystery surrounding the workmen on the plant of the Ebbitt or somewhere else. It simmystery surrounding the workmen on the Ebbitt or somewhere else. It simmystery surrounding the works which were wiped out by fire last night. which were wiped out by fire last night. a man toward the woman that he expects How many men were working when the fire broke out can be approximated. There were eight injured, but how many escaped and how many lest their lives by suffocation or by jumping to the earth, only to be buried Mcore's testimony the defendant had tried under tumbling walls, or leaping into the to gloss it over, but the varnish wouldn't canal, only to be imbedded in mud, never to rise again, cannot be estimated.

stick. Major Moore had taken shorthand rotes of the interview and his testimony rise again, cannot be estimated.

On Scott street the building rose eight in time to rescue a dozen workingmen. The flames forced them to retreat, but they know that above the sixth floor were be-tween thirty and forty employes. Escape it was not known to the plaintiff. by stairways or fire ladders being cut off, their doom was sealed. Some, perhaps half, must have perished.

thus making it all the more difficult to ob- believing his promises, the man is not retain names or prosecute inquiries as to the leased from the responsibility he has asnumber missing. Many a Pole employed in sumed, and the court would seal his lips the glucose night gang did not come to from testifying as to any secret marriage breakfast this morning, and, as a conse- as a defense. quence, a handful of weeping Polish wives The defendant is as much responsible for some news of their loved ones.

Although heavy streams were pouring on the ruins all night and a half dozen engines are pumping water on the steaming bricks this morning, it will be night or more likely tomorrow morning before excavation can be begun. Hundreds of spectators stood about the scene of devastation this morning and thousands passed to and fro in hasty examination on their way to work. The loss, although overestimated in the early reports, is still larger than this city has experienced in five years. It is now judged that the loss to the glucose works proper will not exceed \$600,000, fully covered by insurance.

Just two men were seen to leap from windows into the canal. They were rescued unhurt. Frank Coyle, the mint engineer, says that about four minutes after he had discovered the fire and sounded the alarm to the workmen on the upper floors, he stepped to the east end of the main building. He heard a whirring sound in the air above him, and then some object struck the ground with terrific force. He thinks it was the body of a man who had

leaped from an upper window. "It was all dark from the smoke. I did not look. I couldn't have told who it was, for he must have been knocked all to pieces,

This body, if it was such, is now buried Inquiries have been made by relatives either inspires groundless hope in the for the following twelve workmen, who are missing and supposed to have been burned or crushed to death:

John Blume, John Casker, Mich tig. John Huber, George Jepka, Tony Hoffman, James Lobaik, Michael Maleski, Jno. Odeska, Stephen Sinski, John Trube, John Zinger.

The supposed loss of life appalls the superintendent of the works. He cannot account for the disappearance of the men in any other way except by death.

PUNISHED WITH DEATH. The Fate of One Who Was Stealing a

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. BRISTOL, Tenn., April 13.-Walter Trent has been found dead on the Norfolk and Western railroad near the city. An old man by the name of James Green, who claims to have been on the scene at the time, says two brakemen pushed Trent from the moving train with the hopes that he would plunge into the creek below. His head struck a beam in the bridge. Trent was stealing a ride. The coroner's jury will in-

MUST BE RESTORED.

The Wages of the Union Pacific Employes. OMAHA, Neb., April 13 .- Judge Dundy

has ordered the wages of Union Pacific employes restored to the old rate.

DEPARTMENT CHANGES.

What Has Been Done in the Treasury and Interior Departments.

Senator Gallinger is after some very interesting information which he hopes will show what he considers the fallacy of the civil service pretensions of the present administration. He introduced a resolution today in the Senate calling upon the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of the Interior to transmit to the Senate in separate lists the names of all clerks and employes appointed, promoted, reduced and dismissed since the 4th of March, 1893, and the state to which each such clerk or em-ploye is accredited. He also asked the secretaries to kindly check off, in some conas are those of people who served in the army or navy of the United States during the rebellion. He asked for immediate con-sideration of this resolution, but objection was made and it was laid over.

WORKING AS CLERKS.

Secretary Herbert Asks About Alleged Violations of Civil Service Rules.

(Continued from First Page.)

are any corrections of the argument they must be made by counsel."

Mr. Wilson misunderstood Judge Bradley's remark, for he apologized for having made the statement if it was an error. "I was not referring to you, Mr. Wilson," said Judge Bradley, "I was speaking of the interjection by Mr. Breckinridge."
"Do I understand you as ruling that I may not speak?" asked the defendant. "You are represented by counsel."
"But I also have a constitutional right
o be represented in person. I simply
wanted you to make a ruling on the

Judge Bradley did not answer this at all, but simply went on writing. After this little incident, Mr. Wilson went on with his speech. He said that if he had made an error he regretted it. The

promise against the defendant. As to Major was conclusive.

On Scott street the building rose eight The second interview in Major Moore's stories. On the canal side it was three office took place after the recent marriage stories higher yet. The firemen reached of the defendant. This secret marriage was windows on the sixth floor by their ladders in time to rescue a dozen workingmen. The after that date. If they had only looked into the law they would have known that

As to Contract of Marriage. If a man makes a contract of narriage,

knowing that he cannot fulfill the contract, These laborers were Polish in the main, the woman accepting him in good faith and

who early visited the hospitals, looking for the promises he made in the presence of their husbands and finding that quest vain. Maj. Moore after his marriage as before it. now stand tearful and tremulous about the It was no wonder that Maj. Moore had smoldering embers of the fire, waiting for characterized the scene in his office as one of the most important he had ever witnessed. The defendant instead of being the defamer of this woman ought to be her protector and defender through life.

If the interview which took place in Maj. Moore's office had occurred in New York it would have constituted a marriage between the parties as solemn and binding as any ceremony could be. If it took place eight days after a secret marriage, as this did, it would constitute a violation of the stat-utes of the state sufficient to place the man behind closed doors. It would have been bigamy.

Wilson said that the contract had been proved beyond all doubt. If the jury considered that no promise had been made, then hereafter, when two parties in the then hereafter, when two parties in the District of Columbia want to enter into a contract of the sort, they will have to put it down in writing in the presence of two witnesses and get some sort of seal affixed. The contract has been proved. Has the breach of this contract also been shown? Beyond all doubt. By the proof of the defendant's marriage in Louisville and his own admission as to the secret marriage.

fendant's marriage in Louisville and his own admission as to the secret marriage in New York.

Mr. Wilson said that Mr. Butterworth had addressed much of his argument more to him than to the jury and had demanded of him in a dramatic way why the plainting had not summoned witnesses to receive roots. had not summoned witnesses to prove point after point in her case. The reason was very, very simple. The points that could have been proved by these witnesses were such as the defense themselves ought to have proved, as he would show later. Law-yers sometimes talk bad law, he regretted to say, when good law will hurt their case, and the defense had been obliged to resort to this expedient.

No Proof of Plaintiff's Bad Character. The defense had put up as their plea that the general character of the plaintiff was bad and that a bright built tillating, effervescing man like the defendant could not be expected to marry such a person. Yet there was not one word of evidence in this case to impugn her general character. One would think that character was such as the lawyers for the defense had attempted to paint it they would have had no difficulty in proving it. They might have brought witnesses from Lexington, where she lived; Cincinnati. where she went to school, and this city where she was well known, to prove it; but all persons interrogated as to her general character had spoken only in highest terms of her as a woman.

Failing to sustain their charges as to her Failing to sustain their charges as to her general character, they had attempted to show specific acts of misconduct on the part of the plaintiff. Here, too, they had failed, and all their insinuations as to her relations with poor old dead Rodes have been shown to have no more effect than the sighing of the south wind. The defendant does not seem to have considered that the plaintiff was a woman of impure fendant does not seem to have considered that the plaintiff was a woman of impure life until after he had made the contract of marriage. The defense had turned the strongest kind of a search light upon the entire life of the defendant, from the cradle down to the present day, yet they had not been able to prove anything against the witness. General character does not depend upon the petty foibles and weaklife, and more than these they had not shown.

Mr. Wilson was not behind Mr. Butterworth in paying an eloquent tribute to the memory of the country women and country From one of these the plaintiff

and happiness than in these same country homes. But country girls and boys the world over have an ambition to get away to what they think is a broader and fuller life. This plaintiff, like many another, had written letters in which she spoke of her longings and unrest. The defense had produced some of these letters written to Owen Rob-inson. They had tried to show that these were full of hidden meaning. They should have got Ignatius Donnelly to work cut the mystery of the cipher in these simple school girl letters which they considered so full of suggestion. He believed that the letters were secured from Owen Robinson by trickfense would put the letters to he must be one of the meanest whelps alive.
At this point the court took the usual

recess for luncheon, After Recess.

After recess Mr. Wilson took up his argument, referring to the research the defense had instituted into the life of the plaintiff. They had read her girlhood with insinuations and innuendo, hoping to cast a shadow on the name of the plaintiff. He had spoken of Owen Robinson, he said, in a way he regretted, and for which he apologized. He had forgotten that Robinson had testified, in a deposition taken for the plaintiff. and if the defense had remembered what Robinson said they would never have made

Startling State of Affairs in the Coke Region.

A Thousand Strikers in Line-Attacked by Deputy Sheriffs-Reinforcements Obtained.

HARRISBURG, Pa., April 13.-A call has been received at the executive department from Dunbar for troops. PITTSEURG, Pa., April 13.-The dis-

patches from the coke country today are conflicting. Nothing is known here of the call from Dunbar for troops. Chairman Frick and Secretary Lovejoy of the Frick Coke Company have received no information that would indicate the necessity of calling out the troops. UNIONTOWN, Pa., April 13.-The south

ern section of the coke fields has been the headquarters of the strikers today, and between 400 and 500 armed men have been marching through the region surrounding the town since daylight. The excitement has been at high-water

mark, and the towers and steeples have been black with people, who, with glasses, have been watching the actions of the mob. At daylight the strikers from Wheeler, Morrell and Oliver, and the works routh of here, assembled at Cool Spring. Shortly afterward they started 400 strong and marched to Lemont, No. 1, where Deputy Sheriff Richards and a posse of men are in charge. They did not go near the works, but went to the company houses and tried to prevent the men going to work.

The deputies made a charge on them with drawn guns and chased them away. The

the mob back with guns.

They then marched back to Cool Springs and held another meeting. They marched to the plants south of town, going to the extreme south end of the region.

Delegations joined them all along the line and when the mob passed east of here there were 1,000 men in line

COMMODORE ERBEN'S RETIREMENT. Several Changes Are Scheduled to Happen at That Time.

The Chicago, Commodore Erben's flagship, and the only United States ship on the European station, will return to the United States within the next few months in order to be refitted with an entirely new set of boilers, engines and machinery of modern type, provision for which is contained in the naval appropriation bill. Commodore Erben will reach home before his retirement in September next, and will also attain the grade of admiral before that date, provided present plans are not upset. These include the voluntary retirement of Admiral Gherardi in June, the enforced re-tirement of Admiral Fysse (now commodore) in July, and the voluntary retirement, be-fore September, of Admiral Stanton (now commodore). Admiral Stanton's retirement before Commodore Erben's retirement is contingent on his promotion to the grade of admiral before that date, by reason of the voluntary retirement of Admiral Gherardi. The latter holds the key to the situa-tion, and is expected to employ it as above indicated for the special benefit of his intimate friend, Commodore Erben. The Chi-cago will probably be replaced on the Euro-pean station by the New York or the San Francisco, leaving the Columbia flagship of the home station.

THE KEARSARGE OFFICERS.

A Hearing in the Case of Lieut. Lyman by Secretary Herbert.

Secretary Herbert has decided to give a hearing on Monday to the counsel of Lieut. Lyman, lately court-martialed for neglect of duty in connection with the loss of the Kearsarge, and to postpone action on the case of Commander Heyerman, lately in command of that vessel, until after that hearing. Commander Heyerman was sen-tenced by the court to two years' suspension from rank and duty. It is understood that Lieut. Lyman was sentenced to one years' suspension and that his counsel will attempt to show that the sentence was no justified by the evidence adduced. It is rumored at the Navy Department that Secretary Herbert, in view of the court's recommendation for elemency, will reduce the suspension in the case of Commander Heyerman to one year.

CAPITOL TOPICS.

Senator Dixon Not a Candidate. Senator Dixon of Rhode Island, who has made no campaign and is not a candidate for re-election to the Senate, has returned to Washington after a short absence. Many of his colleagues have expressed their regret that he was determined on a course which will sever his connection with the Senate. Mr. Dixon says that he concluded some time ago not to again be a candidate. He intends to resume his practice of law, which has been interrupted during his ser-vice in the House and Senate, and which,he says, he could not afford to extend for

To Prevent Contagion. Senator Blanchard introduced a bill today requiring fruit vessels trading between ports of the United States and ports of South America, Central America, Mexico and the West Indies to be manned by acclimated seamen. Any vessel violating the law is to be required to pay a fine of not less than \$500 nor more than \$1,000. The purpose of the bill is to prevent the importation of contagious and infectious diseases. Leaves of Absence to Custom Em-

ployes. Representative Barwig of Wisconsin introduced in the House a bill providing that the officers and employes in the custom service shall be entitled to receive the same the executive departments at Washington. Intoxicants to Indians.

Representative Meiklejohn of Nebraska has introduced a bill prohibiting the selling or giving to Indians of intoxicating beverages and prescribing a punishment for so

Nominations by the President. The President today sent the following

nominations to the Senate: Postmasters-Frank W. Cutsinger, Edin burg, Ind.; Andrew Hennemann, Saint Mulford M. Scudder, Westfield, N. J. Treasury-James N. Thompson cansas, to be supervising inspector of steam vessels for the sixth district. Interior—Albert M. Avery of Alabama, to be receiver of public moneys at Hunts-

LATE NEWS BY WIRE. FOR MISS POLLARD TROOPS ASKED FOR FINANCE AND TRADE

Industrials Continue to Be Preferred by Speculators.

FALL AND ADVANCE IN TOBACCO

Dullness Generally in the Stock White Castile Soap, Market.

GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. NEW YORK, April 13.-The effects of continued dullness are at last apparent in stock values. Stocks that have stubbornly resisted the depressing influences of gold fractional and due entirely to the recent \$1 period of inactivity and not to any set-back in the process of recovery. London prices were lower this morning, especially for Atchison, which was sold down on bad earnings. The announcement of the committee chosen to manage the reorganization of this property is expected tomorrow. The committee is said to be both large and it no stock assessment will be recommended. men went to work while the deputies kept

The grangers, under the leadership of St. Paul were fractionally lower, as a result of short selling. The short interest in this group of stocks is now almost large enough to warrant a sharp advance should an attempt be made to cover. The affairs of Del- 25c. Benson's Capcine Plasters, 2 for.......25c. aware and Hudson are being carefully watched by traders, who hope to profit by the controversy new in progress as to the disposition of the company's surplus. Both of the contending factions are busy accumulating proxies to be used at the next meeting. The price of the stock holds well, and predictions of a sharp advance, growing out of the above condition of affairs, There were no material changes in the

remainder of the railroad list, prices holding firm within 1-2 per cent of opening figures. In the industrial group American Tobacco again attracted attention by its elastic fluctuations. On free selling by traiers, who tuations. On free seiling by traiers, who consider the recent advance due entirely to the manipulations of the pool, the price declined 3 per cent to 88.5-8 and advanced on covering of the same contracts to 90.1-2.

Sugar rose steadily 1.1-4 per cent on good buying, induced by the belief that its future is assured and that no unwalcome legislais assured and that no unwelcome legisla-tion is likely. The feeling on the industrials generally is bullish, and much higher prices are promised purchasers at prevailing prices. The amount of gold to go out by tomor-row's steamers is now estimated at \$3,500,-000. Sums aggregating this total have been engaged by the various fyreign bouses but

engaged by the various foreign houses, but it is not certain that the entire amount will actually be shipped. Roston houses will also ship upwards of \$1,000,000. The sentimental effect of this announcement was less pronounced than usual, ow-ing to the general belief in an early dis-continuance of the movement. The mar-ket for all classes of foreign exchange was very firm at yesterday's top figures. Bank-ers report a falling off in the volume of interior currency business for the week. One important factor has been the falling off in the movement of quarterly interest money. New York exchange in Chicago is 15 cents cheaper than last week, as a result of a decline in the volume of business between the east and west. Prevailing rates in the west are a trifle under the actual express charges necessary to move the currency. The gain to the banks is estimated to be a trifle over \$3,000,000.

Sugar was the only feature of the last heavily trading and gained as a statement. hour's trading, and gained an additional 1-8 per cent on continued buying. The railroad list was dull, and no important changes were recorded. The cing was steady around initial figures.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

the lowest and the closing prices of the New York stock market today, as reported by Coraon & Macartney, members New York stock exchange Correspondents Messrs. Moore & Schley, No. 8) Stocks. Open. High. Low. Close

American Sugar..... 92% American Sugar, pfd.... 89% 95% 90% 91% 81 16 92% 89% 88% 80% 14% American Tobacco American Cotton Oll .... Atchison Canada Southern Canada Pacific chesapeake and Ohio ... Chicago, B. and Q. Chic. and Northwestern. Chicago Gas.
C., M. and St. Paul.
C., M. and St. Paul.
C., R. I. and Pacific.
Del., Lack. and W.
Delaware and Hudson.
Denver and Rb Grande.
Ds. and Cattle Feeding. Dis. and Cattle Feeding. General Electric finois Central..... Lake Shore ..... Erie Louisville and Nashville. 51% 51% ong Island Chicago. Manhattan Elevated Michigan Central Missouri Pacific National Lead Co National Lead Co
National Cordage Co
National Cordage, pfd.
New Jersey Central.
New York Central.
N. Y. and New England.
N. Y. C. and St. Louis.
Northern Pacific. Northern Pacific, pfd... North American Ont and Western... Pacific Mail. 16% Phila and Reading Pullman P. Car Co..... Richmond Terminal... Southern Pacific.... exas Pacine. enn. Coal and Iron.... Union Pacific ..... Wabash, pfd Wabash, pfd Wheeling & Lake Erie. Wheeling & L. E. pfd... Western Union Tel. Wisconsin Central.....

Washington Stock Exchange.

Sales—regular call—12 o'clock m.—United States 4s, registered, \$1,000 at 114%; \$1,000 at 114%; \$1,000 at 114%; Washington and Georgetown Railroad conv. 6s, \$1,000 at 135. West End National Bank, 10 at 105. United States Electric Light, 10 at 123; 10 at 123. Government Bonds.—United States 4s, registered, 1907, 114 bid, 114%, asked. United States 4s, coupon, 1907, 114% bid. United States 5s, 117% bid. Did.
District of Columbia Bonds.—20-year Funding 5s, 108 bid. 30-year Funding 6s, gold, 116% bid. Water stock currency 7s, 1901, 117 bid. Water stock currency 7s, 1003, 120 bid. 3.65s, Funding currency, 111% bid, 113 asked. 3%s, reg. 2-10s, 100 bid.

Kolb Pharmacy.

Florida Water - = 34c. Genuine, large bottles. We guarantee this to be the finest, most fragrant and lasting of all tollet

Full Bars - 49c. We sell only Conti's best imported, nearly 4 lbs. the bar. Pure white, green or mottled. Phosphate Emulsion, 6oc.

Made fresh daily. We recommend this as the best Cod Liver Oil preparation, easily taken and readily assimilated, full pint bottles. Beef, Wine and Iron, 6oc. The Topic of all tonics. No matter under what fancy name, nothing you can use will fully supply its place. Full pints only.

\$1 Ayer's Sarsaparilla......69c \$1 Green's Nervura......690 \$1.50 Fellow's Hypophosphites. Now only....96c. 

tesk before it. If it is possible to avert 32 Chichester's Pennyroyal Pills. Now ....... \$1.64 50c. Hooper's Female Pills, Now...........25c. \$1 Beef, Wine and Iron. Now only.......60c. (We recommend this as the best tonic invigorator and appetizer you can take.) \$1 Simmons' Liver Regulator, Now.........69c 50c. Cuticura Salve......84c 25c. Cuticura Soap......15c. 2.c. Carter's Little Liver Pills, 2 boxes for ... 250

50c. Ely's Cream Balm......35c. 50c. Hoff's Malt Extract (genuine Johann Hoff). 25c \$1 S. S. S. Now only..... SEASONABLE REMEDIES. 67c. \$1 Pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil (full pints). .50c \$1 Ayer's Cherry Pectoral......69c 

50c. Mrs. Jones' Cough Syrup (improved).....25c. Guaranteed to cure or money refunded. \$1 Jayne's Expectorant......69e \$1 Terraline ... el .50 Goodwin's Hypophosphites (a perfect so-Country orders solicited and will receive prompt and careful attention.

Rubber Goods Department \$2.50 Fountain Syringe (2 quarts, best rub-\$2.00 Hot Water Bottle (plain or covered) .... 99c. \$2.00 Family Bulb Syringe (8 hard rubber 

A full line of Elastic Hoslery Supporters and Shoulder Braces, Surgical Appliances of every description, at a great bargain. Lady in charge of temple department Wade & Butcher Razors,

Torry Razor Strops,

AT EXTRA LOW PRICES. Wade & Butcher Razor. Was \$1.75. Now 99c This is our leader. Hollow ground and guaranteed Also full line for 50c. up. Torry Ragor Strop. Was 35c. Now 19c Rasor Strop, four sides, only 19c.

And a full line of Shaving Goods.

Cut this out for reference. Kolb Pharmacy,

COR. 7TH AND E STS. N.W. UPTOWN BRANCH, COR. 14TH AND I.

**Bolero Jackets** 

We have just purchased of a leading New York Importer 165 Silk Bolero Jackets with rich designs of Black Jet.

We will sell them as fol-

The \$2.50 Grade for o8c. The \$3.00 Grade for \$1.25. The \$4.00 Grade for \$1.45. The \$5.00 Grade for \$1.80. The \$5.50 Grade for \$1.98. The \$9.00 Grade for \$2.68. Sizes 32, 34 and 36.

THESE WILL BE ON SALE TOMORROW. What \$1.19 Will Buy Tomorrow.

AN EXCELLENT MUSLIN GOWN, MADE HUBBARD STLYE, SURPLICE NECK, WITH WIDE RUFFLE OF EMBROIDERY OVER THE SHOULDERS. ALSO A RUF-FLE EMBROIDERY AROUND NECK, WITH INSERTING BETWEEN, HIGH FULL SLEEVES, WITH TRIMMING TO

Regular Price \$1.68. Tomorrow \$1.10. ANOTHER STYLE, EXTRA LONG BOX-PLAITED BACK TO THE WAIST, ROLL-

ING COLLAR OF EMBROIDERY, WITH FULL RUFFLE OF SAME DOWN FRONT

## On Hand== PERRY'S.

the book of a customers by the band-for GLOVES every enjoying the satisfaction of perfect fits-per fect fashion-perfect quality. Even if we were not cheapest for these best makes we believe the other inducements would draw you toward us. When you contemplate & choice at popular prices from such hands as REYNIER, TREFOUSSE, CENTEMERL

knowledge that you are doing best. Saturday is growing as a Glove day. To bring a little more than the ordinary interest to this department tomorrow you shall have what broken lots there are at Specia Prices. Such as these

LADIES' 4-button GLACE, in Black and Colors-REDUCED from \$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50 to 49c. LADIES' S-button WHITE and PEARL SUEDES, sizes 3% to 6%-REDUCED from \$1.50 to 49c. LADIES' 8-button SUEDES, in Black and Colors-REDUCED from \$1.50 and \$2 to \$1. LADIES' FRENCH KID GAUNTLINS-

MEN'S JOUVIN SUEDE GLOVES, size 7% to 8%-REDUCED from \$1.75 to \$1. MEN'S BLACK GLACE GLOVES, sizes 7, 7% and 8%-REDUCED from \$1.50 to \$1. Then back of these are the reguslr lines-

REDUCED from \$2 to \$1.

full of novelty-full of value. REYNIER'S friends will and their ideal among these:

4-button GLACE, in Light Tan and Mode, with Black and self brode—\$2. 4-button GLACE,in Colors and Black—\$1.88 4-button GLACE, in Light Tan, Mode and Bull, with Pearl and Black brode \$2. 4-button SUEDES, in the season's new shades, plain and embroidered-\$1.65 and

4-button Black SUEDES-\$1.65 and \$1.75. 6-button SUEDE MOUSQUETAIRES, in Bluck and Colors-\$2. 8-button SUEDE MOUSQUETAIRES, 10 Black-\$2.25. 4-button GLACE, in Lavender, Dahlia, Heliotrope, Reseda and Emerald-\$2. 4-button PIQUE WALKING GLOVES-

TREFOUSSE'S admirers will seek these to find their satisfaction: 4-button GLACE, in Mode and Tan, with Nile, Reseda and Heliotrope brode, and

buttons to match-\$2. 4-button GLACE, in Tan, Mode, Red and Brown, with Black, White and self brode-4-button GLACE, in White, Ivory and Pearl, with Black and self brode-\$1.50. 4-button GLACE, in Tan, Gray, Brown and Black-\$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2. 4-button WALKING GLOVES, SUEDE and GLACE-\$1.50.
4-button PEARL and WRITE, with self-

or Black brode-\$2. 4-button COLORED SUEDES, with Black brode-\$1.25 and \$1.75. 4-button GLACE, in Pique Pearl, with Black brode-\$1.50. 4-button SUEDE, in Tan, Mode, Gray, Brown and Black-\$1.25 and \$1.50.

S-button SUEDES, in Colors and Black-\$1.50 and \$2. 8-button SUEDES, in Pearl and White-\$1.50 and \$2. 8-button GLACE, in Pearl and White, Black brode \$2.

Allied good makes: PERRIN'S 4-button GLACE, in Primrose with Binck brode-\$1.50. PERRIN'S 4-button ELK TANS-\$2. CENTEMERI'S 5-button GLACE, in Col-CENTEMERI'S 8-button SUEDES, in Col ors-\$2. MAGGIONI'S 5-button BLACK GLACE

ADLER'S 4-button CASTOR GLOVES, I Tan, Gray and Black-\$1.75.
AUG. CHARLES' 4-button WALKING GLOVES-\$1.50 and \$2. AUG. CHARLES' 4-button BLUE GLACE AUG. CHARLES' S-button SUEDES \$2. FOSTER'S 7-hook FOSTERINA-GLACE, I

4-button GLACE, in Pearl and White, with Black and self brode-\$1.50. BALSAN'S 6-button BIARRITZ-98c BALSAN'S 6-button BIARRITZ, in White, Pearl and Yellow-\$1.

Chamois Gloves:

White-\$1

6-button MOUSQUETAIRES, Natural and 4-button WHITE-85c. CHAMOIS GAUNTLETS, Natural and White-\$1. Evening Gloves:

8-button MOUSQUETAIRES, Natural and

20-button SUEDES, in evening th \$3.50. 16-button SUEDES-\$3. 12-button SUEDES-\$2.50.

Men's Gloves. REYNIER'S 2-clasp PIQUE GLACE \$2.2 REYNIER'S 2-clasp OVERSEAM DRES GLOVES-\$2. PERRIN'S ELK TANS-\$2. PERRIN'S CAPE SUEDES-\$1.50. FOWNE'S CRAVEN TANS-\$2.25. FOWNE'S CAPE COACHING GLOVES - 12

ADLER'S WALKING GLOVES-\$1 and \$1.50. EVENING GLOVES, White and Pearl-